

Knowledge Organiser Year 12 French

Unit 1 : Les changements dans les structures familiales (Changes in Family structures in France) Year: 12	
Purpose of Unit: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> To revise basics from GCSE (Grammar and family topics) To present in some depth ways French people live as a family To discuss what French people think about new types of families and share own views 	
Key Learning/Knowledge: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> How the structure of the family is changing How the institution of marriage is changing Relationships within the family unit 	Key Vocabulary and meanings: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> to have the right to - avoir le droit de stepfather; father-in-law - un beau-père step-mother: mother-in-law - une belle-mère to know; experience - connaître to start; to begin - débiter half-sister - une demi-soeur half-brother - un demi-frère to divorce, to get divorced - divorcer easy - facile family with same-sex parents - une famille homoparentale single-parent family - une famille monoparentale stepfather or blended family - une famille recomposée nuclear family - la famille nucléaire brother - un frère grandmother - une grand-mère grandfather - un grand-père same-sex parenting - l'homoparentalité birth - la naissance mother - une mère customs; habits; social mores - les mœurs father - un père to break up, to part, to separate - se séparer sister - une sœur family unit, structure - une structure familiale to live - vivre une alliance - wedding ring bouleverser - to upset, to distress une célibataire - single person concurrencer - to compete with désormais - from now on, henceforth l'entourage - circle, close friends, family un époux - husband, spouse une épouse - wife, spouse éviter - to avoid les fiançailles - engagement fonder - found un hétero - heterosexual person un livret de famille - family record book la loi - law la lune de miel - honeymoon un mari - husband se marier - to get married mener à bien - to see something through successfully naître - to be born se pacser - to enter into a civil partnership plusiers - several quotidien(ne) - daily remettre en cause - to call into question une robe de mariée - wedding dress en vigueur - in force volage - fickle, unfaithful
Key Understanding and Skills: <p>Students will understand and apply the following grammatical structures through the key skills of listening, reading, writing and speaking:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Revision of the present tense of regular and common irregular verbs Future and immediate future Interrogatives Summarising information and extracting key points from listening passages Doing research and finding useful material online Using dictionaries (bilingual and online) 	

- l'accord (m) - agreement, harmony
- s'adorer - to adore, love
- s'agacer - to irritate, annoy
- la colère - anger
- crier - to shout, yell
- le désaccord - disagreement
- détester - to dislike, hate
- se disputer - to quarrel, argue
- en avoir assez/en avoir marre - to have enough, to be fed up with
- s'énerver - to get worked up
- s'entendre avec - to get on with someone
- haïr - to hate, detest
- hurler - to yell, scream
- s'ignorer - to ignore one another
- la rancune - hard feeling, bitterness
- les rapports (mpl) - relationship
- se réconcilier - to make up with someone
- se réjouir - to be delighted
- sévère - strict
- supporter quelqu'un - to stand someone
- la tribu - tribe, clan, family (colloquial)
- vexé - angry, vexed

Links to prior knowledge/learning:

Following on from GCSE, students have learnt about family in year 9 and relationships in year 10/11. Present tense and futures were seen in GCSE

Cross Curricular link/ World Issues

PSHE: LGBTQ+ rights, discrimination
 RE / Ethics: LGBTQ+ rights as seen by main monotheist regions
 Maths / sociology: handling and discussing Statistics
 History: Women liberation and feminist movements

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Unit 3 : Le monde du travail (world of work) Year: 12	
Purpose of Unit: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> To learn about the world of work in France 	
Key Learning/Knowledge: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Work-life balance and attitudes towards work in France Reasons why people strike, their rights and trade union intervention Gender discrimination in the world of work 	Key Vocabulary and meanings: l'accomplissement personnel - personal achievement l'ambiance (f) - atmosphere avoir une carrière - to have a career le bien-être - well-being le boulot cul-de-sac - dead-end job un(e) candidat(e) - applicant la candidature - application une carrière - career un chasseur de tête - headhunter un contrat - contract un contrat à durée déterminée - fixed-term contract la convivialité - friendliness le cursus - career path une demande d'emploi - application démissionner - to resign la dépression - depression la direction - management efficace - effective embaucher - to hire un(e) employé(e) - employee un(e) employeur(-euse) - employer engager - to employ l'enrichissement personnel - personal enrichment un entretien d'embauche - job interview épuisé - exhausted établir des amitiés - to develop friendships être à la retraite - to be retired être au chômage - to be unemployed faire des heures supplémentaires - to work overtime une femme d'affaires - businesswoman une femme au foyer - housewife la formation sur le tas - on-the-job training une formulaire de demande d'emploi - job application form gérer le stress - to handle one's stress le harcèlement au travail - bullying at work l'intensification (f) du travail - increase in work intérimaire - temporary jongler entre les rôles - to juggle roles le manque de temps - lack of time métro, boulot, dodo - metro, work, sleep nommer - to appoint nouer des relations (fpl) agréables - to foster good relationships une offre d'emploi - job offer postuler pour un emploi - to apply for a job prendre une pause - to take a break le profil du poste - job description le refus - rejection rémunérer - to pay la rentabilité - profitability se sentir prisonnier(-ière) - to feel imprisoned le stage - work experience stressant - stressful traiter mal - to treat badly le travail à mi-temps - part-time work le travail à plein temps - full-time work le travail au noir - moonlighting / illegal work travailler à domicile / télétravailler - to work from home les acquis sociaux - workers' rights adhérer à - to stick to, to become a member of l'affaiblissement de l'esprit syndicaliste (m) - decline in union support appeler à la grève - to take industrial action l'arrêt du travail - work stoppage une augmentation de salaires (f) - increase in wages la CGT - main French trade union le chômage massif - mass unemployment se concrétiser - to materialise les congés payés - paid holidays une diminution du temps de travail - reduction in working hours donner son préavis - to hand in one's notice les droits des travailleurs - workers' rights faire les trois-huit - to work around the clock
Key Understanding and Skills: Students will understand and apply the following grammatical structures through the key skills of listening, reading, writing and speaking: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Recognising and using comparative and superlative adjectives Recognising and using the imperfect and pluperfect tenses Using passive voice and on Learning how to summarise info Extending vocab (word families, synonyms) Improving reading techniques in preparation for exams <p>Students will also study the film La Haine as part of the film study:</p> <p>With MVL, they will focus on a close study of the film scene by scene and will work on shots, dialogue, structure, motifs, etc.</p> <p>With SBL, they will focus on the main themes, character development and essay writing skills.</p>	

faire partie d'un syndicat - to belong to a union
 faire une grève (ouvrière) - to down tools
 le gouvernement - the government
 une grève de la faim - hunger strike
 une grève du tas - sit-in strike
 une grève du zèle - work-to-rule
 une grève patronale - lockout
 une grève perlée - slow down strike
 une grève sauvage - wildcat strike
 une grève surprise - lightning strike
 une grève totale - all-out strike
 une grève tournante - rolling strike
 un(e) gréviste - striker
 l'impuissance (f) - helplessness
 un jaune scab - strikebreaker
 lancer un appel de grève - to call a strike
 une lutte - fight
 le mouvement de grève - strike action
 le mouvement ouvrier - the workers' movement
 organiser un piquet de grève - to picket a factory
 les pays développés - developed countries
 un pays de grévistes - country of strikers
 un piquet de grève - picket line
 se porter gréviste - to go on strike
 un préavis de grève - strike notice
 protéger l'égalité - to protect the equality
 les réclamations - complaints
 la retraite - retirement
 la revendication - demand, complaint
 le secteur privé - private sector
 un syndicaliste - trade union member
 un syndicat - trade union
 le taux de chômage - rate of unemployment
 la tendance - tendency
 à travail égal, salaire égal - equal pay for equal work
 trouver une embauche facile - to easily find a job
 accéder à la vie professionnelle - to have access to a career
 l'amour-propre (m) - self-esteem
 l'appartenance (f) à la race blanche - white supremacy
 autonome - self-sufficient
 avantager - to favour
 la barrière raciale - the colour bar
 le code vestimentaire - dress code
 concilier travail et vie de famille - to juggle work and a family
 les croyances (f) - beliefs
 la discrimination sexuelle - sexual discrimination
 la diversité - diversity
 les droits de la femme - women's rights
 l'égalité (f) des chances - equality of opportunity
 l'égalité des sexes (f) - gender equality
 endommager - to damage
 être l'objet de discrimination - to endure discrimination
 être sur un pied d'égalité avec - be on equal footing with
 être tenu responsable de - be held responsible for
 être victime de discrimination - be discriminated against
 être victime de la dérision - to be the victim of ridicule
 être victime de ségrégation - be segregated against
 une explosion de racisme (f) - outburst of racism
 un facteur légitime - valid factor
 faire valoir ses droits - assert one's rights
 fonder son entreprise - to set up a business
 la haine raciale - racial hatred
 le harcèlement sexuel (m) - sexual harassment
 idéaliser - to idealise
 intolérant - intolerant
 les responsabilités familiales - family responsibilities
 léser quelqu'un - to wrong someone
 menacer - to threaten
 mépriser - to despise, scorn
 les métiers de sages-femmes - the job of being a midwife
 la misogynie - misogyny
 nuisible - harmful
 la parité - gender equality
 le plafond de verre - glass ceiling
 les pratiques - practices
 le préjugé - prejudice
 les préjugés raciaux (mpl) - racial prejudice
 les propos sexistes (mpl) - sexist remarks
 les relations interraciales (fpl) - race relations
 les remarques sexistes (fpl) - sexist remarks
 rémunérer les femmes au foyer - to pay housewives for their work
 la répartition des rôles - division of the roles
 rester au foyer - to stay at home

rétablir un équilibre - to restore a balance
le sexisme - sexism
le sexisme au travail - sexism at work
subir - to be subjected to
surmonter - to overcome
la valeur des femmes - the value of women
la xénophobie - hatred of foreigners

Links to prior knowledge/learning:

Unit 12 of French GCSE: on jobs

Grammar: imperfect, comparative and superlative

Cross Curricular link/ World Issues

Business: work relations

Economy: class struggle,

History: union movement

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Unit 2 : L'éducation (Education) Year: 12	
Purpose of Unit: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> This unit deals with the education system in France as well as the routes into working life 	
Key Learning/Knowledge: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> How the French education system is structured Issues French students might have Higher Education in France Ways of adapting to working life 	Key Vocabulary and meanings: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> accueillir to welcome acquérir to obtain les arts plastiques (m) the visual/fine arts le Baccalauréat professionnel professional baccalaureate bref in short le Brevet d'enseignement professionnelle technical school certificate le Certificat d'aptitude professionnelle (CAP) vocational training certificate un collège secondary school (1115 years of age) un diplôme professionnel professional qualification les disciplines (f) subjects l'école élémentaire (f) primary school l'école primaire (f) primary school l'éducation civique (f) citizenship l'éducation musicale (f) music l'éducation physique et sportive (EPS) (f) physical education (PE) l'enseignement (m) education une épreuve test une étape stage fondamental(e) fundamental gérer to manage l'issue (f) the end of laïc (laïque) secular le lycée secondary school (1518) le lycée d'enseignement général et technologique academic secondary school le lycée professionnel vocational secondary school la maternelle nursery school mixte mixed la moyenne average obligatoire compulsory opter to choose l'orientation (f) careers/course guidance perfectionner to perfect la physique-chimie physics/chemistry (combined) poursuivre to follow la (classe de) première lower sixth form rattraper to catch up réaliser to achieve les sciences de la vie et de la terre biology un(e) scientifique scientist la (classe de) seconde fifth form/year 11 un stage work placement, training course le système éducatif the education system la technologie ICT la vie active working life l'alimentation (f) diet, food les auditeurs (mfpl) listeners
Key Understanding and Skills: <p>Students will understand and apply the following grammatical structures through the key skills of listening, reading, writing and speaking:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Using definite and indefinite articles Using regular and irregular perfect tense Position and agreement of adjectives Using pronouns, including direct and indirect <p>94. une grande école prestigious, selective higher-education institution in France</p> <p>95. le grec ancien ancient Greek</p> <p>96. l'ingénierie (f) engineering</p> <p>97. s'inscrire to enrol</p> <p>98. une licence (de lettres classiques) bachelors degree (in classics)</p> <p>99. le management management</p> <p>100. s'orienter to lean towards</p> <p>101. postérieur(e) post, behind</p> <p>102. préalable previous, prior</p> <p>103. le premier cycle first three years of university (la licence)</p> <p>104. en prépa enrolled in a preparatory class</p> <p>105. sélectif(-ive) sur concours selective through an entrance exam</p> <p>106. un stage work placement, work experience</p> <p>107. le taux d'échec failure rate</p> <p>108. le troisième cycle last stage of university</p> <p>109. correspondant to a research masters or doctorate</p> <p>110. le tutorat mentoring, pastoral care</p> <p>111. en alternance alternately</p> <p>112. un apprentissage apprenticeship</p> <p>113. auprès de with</p>	

<p>114. axé focussed on</p> <p>115. un(e) bachelier(-ière) person who has passed the baccalauréat</p> <p>116. le Brevet d'études professionnelles (BEP) technical school certificate</p> <p>117. le Brevet de technicien supérieur (BTS)</p> <p>118. le Centre de formation d'apprentis (CFA) training centre for apprentices</p> <p>119. en cohérence avec together with</p> <p>120. une convention de stage an agreement to undertake a work placement</p> <p>121. un cursus career path, university course</p> <p>122. un cycle d'études academic cycle</p> <p>123. le Diplôme universitaire de technologie (DUT) two year qualification taken at a technical college after the bac</p> <p>124. une école spécialisée specialist college</p> <p>125. l'enseignement supérieur further education</p> <p>126. envisager to envisage</p> <p>127. un établissement scolaire educational establishment</p> <p>128. facultatif(-ive) optional</p> <p>129. la formation training</p> <p>130. la formation complémentaire d'initiative locale further training specific to each particular area of France</p> <p>131. une grande école prestigious higher education establishment</p> <p>132. une incursion foray</p> <p>133. une initiative initiative</p> <p>134. l'insertion (f) integration</p> <p>135. intégrer to integrate</p> <p>136. la licence degree</p> <p>137. la mention complémentaire d'initiative locale further training specific to each particular area of France</p> <p>138. les missions (fpl) assignments</p> <p>139. s'opposer à to oppose</p> <p>140. s'orienter to specialise in</p> <p>141. la rémunération pay</p> <p>142. renoncer à to give up</p> <p>143. sauf save</p> <p>144. au sein de in, within</p> <p>145. les spécificités (fpl) specifics</p> <p>146. un(e) stagiaire trainee</p> <p>147. en tant que as</p> <p>148. un terrain miné minefield</p> <p>149. un ticket-restaurant lunch voucher</p> <p>150. la vie professionnelle professional life</p> <p>151. voire indeed</p>	<p>47. (en) baisse going down</p> <p>48. le bien-être welfare</p> <p>49. Courage! Take heart!</p> <p>50. courageux(-euse) hard-working</p> <p>51. courant common</p> <p>52. une doctrine doctrine</p> <p>53. échouer to fail</p> <p>54. les excitants (mpl) stimulants</p> <p>55. fier, fière proud</p> <p>56. gare à watch out for</p> <p>57. le harcèlement bullying</p> <p>58. s'imposer to be present</p> <p>59. inutile unnecessary</p> <p>60. le jour J D-day</p> <p>61. la laïcité secularism</p> <p>62. un(e) lycéen(ne) student in a lycée</p> <p>63. malin smart, shrewd</p> <p>64. un(e) Musulmane Muslim</p> <p>65. les notes (fpl) marks</p> <p>66. pareil(le) similar</p> <p>67. prétendre to claim</p> <p>68. prévenir to warn</p> <p>69. un proviseur headmaster/mistress of a lycée</p> <p>70. redoubler to resit a year</p> <p>71. se rendre compte to realise</p> <p>72. réussir to pass</p> <p>73. se ronger les sangs to worry oneself sick</p> <p>74. les soucis financiers financial worries</p> <p>75. une voie path</p> <p>76. le voile the veil</p> <p>77. zen zen, unfazed</p> <p>78. un amphithéâtre lecture hall</p> <p>79. axé(e) (sur) to centre/focus (on)</p> <p>80. un(e) bachelier(-ière) someone who has passed the baccalaureate</p> <p>81. bondé jam-packed</p> <p>82. le CAC40 French stock market index</p> <p>83. une classe préparatoire preparatory class</p> <p>84. décontracté relaxed</p> <p>85. l'économie (f) economics</p> <p>86. engendrer to generate, bring about</p> <p>87. l'enseignement (m) supérieur higher education</p> <p>88. la fac uni</p> <p>89. une filière pathway, option</p> <p>90. la formation education, training</p> <p>91. les frais (mpl) d'inscription enrolment/registration fees</p> <p>92. généraliste non-specialised, general</p> <p>93. la gestion management</p>
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Links to prior knowledge/learning:

Unit 9-12 in GCSE on French School and Jobs

Grammar: all grammar for this term was introduced in GCSEs but will be revisited with more depth.

Cross Curricular link/ World Issues

Sociology: Bourdieu, social class and equality of chances

Economy: class struggle,

Knowledge Organiser Year 12 French

Unit 4 : La musique (Music) Year: 12	
Purpose of Unit: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> To introduce Francophone music and issues surrounding its production and distribution 	
Key Learning/Knowledge: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Francophone music Popular musical genre “la chanson française” and Haitian music The influence of Francophone music 	Key Vocabulary and meanings: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> l'accord (m) - agreement, harmony le musicien - musician la chanteuse - female singer le chanteur - singer la chanson - song le groupe - band l'orchestre - band/orchestra le compositeur - composer composer - to compose les paroles - lyrics chanter - to sing la guitare - guitar la batterie - drums une affiche - a poster un mélange - a mix Anglophone - English-speaking télécharger - to download Francophone - French-speaking enregistrer - to record d'antan - yesteryear un tube - a hit s'attendre à - to expect le revers de la médaille - the flipside (of the coin) le casque - headphones la musique classique - classical music le fan - fan l'adepte de - follower/fan un bon nombre de - a lot of la prestation - performance la variété française - French pop music s'éclater - to have a great time percer - to break through le refrain - the chorus répéter - to rehearse la répétition - rehearsal pratiquer - to practice (an instrument) la voix - voice s'améliorer - to improve le choriste - choir singer se tourner vers - to turn to la chorale - choir fonder - to found doué - talented habituel(le) - usual florissant - flourishing s'expliquer par - to be explained by les festivaliers - festival goers en grande partie - to a large extent une concurrence - a competition passionnant - exciting au-delà - beyond concevoir - to conceive la disposition - disposal la bande sonore - soundtrack un bouleversement – disruption controversé - controversial une couche - level le créole - creole
Key Understanding and Skills: <p>Students will understand and apply the following grammatical structures through the key skills of listening, reading, writing and speaking:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> using reflexive verbs recognising and understanding the past historic of regular common verbs understanding inversion of subject and verb after adverbs listening techniques translating from English to French Listening to French Native speakers 	

- dès lors - from then on
- le désillusionnement - disillusionment
- diffusé - broadcast
- s'égarer - to lose one's way
- s'entremêler - to mix together
- une époque - time
- un(e) esclave - slave
- favorisé - fortunate
- fouiller - to search/rummage
- haïtien(ne) - Haitian
- homogène - homogenous
- s'inspirer - to be inspired
- un(e) interprète - a singer
- se libérer - to become free
- périodiquement - periodically
- la réincarnation - reincarnation
- la République Dominicaine - Dominican Republic
- revendiquer - to claim/demand
- se révolter - to revolt
- une tendance - trend
- le vaudou - voodoo
- les yé-yé - French 60s music
- ailleurs - elsewhere
- ainsi - in this way
- apparemment - apparently
- l'appui - support
- attiré - attracted
- au-delà - beyond
- la bêtise - foolishness
- une campagne publicitaire - advertising campaign
- un clip - video clip
- le comportement - behaviour
- un consommateur - consumer
- une consommatrice - consumer(f)
- de là - hence
- franchement - frankly
- la gêne - embarrassment
- le goût - taste
- l'humeur - mood
- intervenir - to intervene
- s'isoler - to isolate oneself
- se méfier de - to mistrust
- la mentalité - mentality
- militant - militant
- mobiliser - to mobilise
- la musique métal - heavy metal
- propulser - to propel
- la publicité - advert
- le quotidien - everyday life
- un réalisateur - director
- une réalisatrice - director(f)
- réceptif(ive) - susceptible
- ridicule - ridiculous
- sociologue - sociologist
- soupirer - to sigh
- valoriser - to develop
- le sentiment - the feeling
- émouvant(e) - moving

Links to prior knowledge/learning:

Students have studied a few songs and poems in KS3/4.

Cross Curricular link/ World Issues

Music/English: studying songs and lyrics

Geography: society and customs from French Speaking countries around the world

Sociology: music genres from different ethnic or social groups

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Unit 5 : Les médias Year: 12	
Purpose of Unit: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> To learn about the relationship between the French-speaking countries and the media ranging from freedom of speech, paper/online and the influence of the internet and new technology on French society. 	
Key Learning/Knowledge: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Freedom of speech in French speaking countries Print and online media in French speaking countries The effect of the media on politics and society 	Key Vocabulary and meanings: agresser - to be aggressive towards somebody s'améliorer - to improve un assassinat - assassination un attentat - attack autrui - others le blasphème - blasphemy bouleverser - to move deeply/shatter une caricature - caricature caricaturer - to caricature un classement - ranking le climat - climate condamner - to condemn contrarier - to annoy la Côte d'Ivoire - Ivory Coast les croyances - beliefs un(e) croyant(e) - believer défendre - to ban dégoûté - disgusted un dessinateur - illustrator doué - gifted emprisonné - imprisoned un enlèvement - kidnapping fier(-ière) - proud l'intimidation - intimidation irrespectueux(euse) - disrespectful un isoloir - (voting) booth ivoirien(ne) - from the Ivory Coast la liberté d'expression - freedom of expression menaçant - threatening un(e) meurtrier(ière) - murderer poursuivre - to prosecute la prophète Mohammed - the prophet Mohammed provoquer - to provoke réfléchir à - to think about relancer - to revive satirique - satirical troublé - perturbed venger - to avenge un citoyen - a citizen exprimer - to express avoir le droit de - to have the right to pour se forger une opinion - to form an opinion un journal - a newspaper un magazine - a magazine un(e) journaliste - a journalist un annonceur - an advertiser attirer - to attract augmenter - to increase l'avenir - the future un avis - an opinion un blog - a blog concurrencer - to compete with consulter - to consult/read diffuser - to broadcast un écran - screen un éditeur - editor une éditrice - editor l'immediateté - immediacy l'impression - printing les informations - the news s'informer - to inform oneself une librairie - a bookshop en ligne - online un(e) internaute - web surfer/user une œuvre - work la presse écrite - the printed press reluisant - shining la révolution - the revolution
Key Understanding and Skills: <p>Students will understand and apply the following grammatical structures through the key skills of listening, reading, writing and speaking:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> present and past participles negative forms recognising and understanding of past historic of irregular verbs fluency techniques / pronunciation practice comparing contrasting viewpoints and giving your opinions developing arguments from different angles <p>Students will also study the film La Haine as part of the film study:</p> <p>With MVL, they will focus on a close study of the film scene by scene and will work on shots, dialogue, structure, motifs, etc.</p> <p>With SBL, they will focus on the main themes, character development and essay writing skills.</p>	

révolutionner - to revolutionise
 rivaliser avec - to compete with
 un roman - a novel
 la simplicité - simplicity
 souillé - dirty/soiled
 survivre - to survive
 une tablette - tablet
 une touche - button
 une voie - path
 utile – useful
 le (téléphone) portable/mobile - mobile phone
 numérique - digital
 télécharger - to download
 le pirate informatique - hacker
 la tablette - a tablet
 le piratage - piracy
 l'ordinateur portable - laptop
 recevoir - to receive
 naviguer/surfer - to browse
 envoyer - to send
 le réseau - network
 les réseaux sociaux - social networks
 un outil - a tool
 en ligne - on line
 l'internaute - web user
 se servir de - to use
 l'Internet - the internet
 se distraire - to entertain oneself
 accro - addicted
 un(e) adepte de - a follower
 un commentaire - a comment
 un conseil - a piece of advice
 un conseiller - an advisor
 la droite - right wing
 la gauche - left wing
 l'électorat - electorate
 électoral - electoral
 gare à - beware of
 s'emparer de - to take over
 indispensable - essential
 entrecoupé - interrupted
 un manque de - a lack of
 les femmes politiques - female politicians
 le revers de la médaille - flipside of the coin
 les hommes politiques - male politicians
 les tendances - tendencies
 les politiques - politicians
 l'orientation - tendencies
 la portée - reach/scope
 toucher - to reach
 la préoccupation - concern
 le téléspectateur - TV viewer
 allumer - to switch on
 éteindre - to switch off
 passer à - to be on (TV)
 médiatique - of the media
 diffuser - to broadcast
 se tenir au courant de - to keep up to date with
 le petit écran - small screen
 l'audimat - ratings

Links to prior knowledge/learning:

Reading print media in GCSE lessons (environment, poverty, music, etc.)
 Unit 2 of French GCSE: social media and new technology
 Grammar: negative (ne...pas. Ne... plus; ne... que...) / past participles

Cross Curricular link/ World Issues

PSHE: British values, democracy, freedom
 ICT / Media: online journalism, content creation, social media

Knowledge Organiser Year 12 French

Unit 6 : Les festivals et les traditions Year: 12	
Purpose of Unit: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> To learn about festivals and traditions in the francophone world, that is in some of the French speaking countries, mostly former colonies of France. 	
Key Learning/Knowledge: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Celebrations in francophone countries Learning more about French and Francophone festivals Customs and traditions in France Customs and traditions in francophone countries 	Key Vocabulary and meanings: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. l'ambiance (f) atmosphere 2. assimiler to assimilate 3. un consommateur consumer 4. consommer to consume 5. croire à/en to believe in 6. une croyance belief 7. un(e) croyant(e) believer 8. la dérive commerciale commercialism 9. l'esprit spirit 10. faire la fête to have a party 11. faire plaisir à to please someone 12. un festival festival 13. une fête celebration 14. fêter to celebrate 15. perdre to lose 16. perpétuer to perpetuate 17. un rassemblement a reunion, get together 18. se rassembler to get together 19. religieux(-euse) religious 20. la religion religion 21. représenter to represent 22. respecter to respect, observe 23. se retrouver to meet up 24. se retrouver entre copains to get together with friends 25. le Réveillon de Noël Christmas Eve 26. la signification meaning 27. signifier to mean 28. la société de consommation consumer society 29. les voeux (m) wishes 30. artisanal handmade 31. l'artisanat (m) handicraft 32. les produits artisanaux handmade products 33. un atout advantage 34. attirer to attract 35. l'authenticité (f) authenticity 36. commémorer to commemorate 37. se dérouler to take place 38. exposer to exhibit 39. une exposition exhibit 40. le folklore tradition 41. folklorique traditional 42. un jour férié bank holiday 43. une manifestation event 44. mettre à l'honneur to celebrate 45. partager to share 46. le patrimoine heritage 47. pérenniser to make durable, continue with 48. profiter de quelque chose to take advantage of/to enjoy something 49. promouvoir to promote 50. se rendre to go to 51. sauvegarder to protect 52. un spectacle show 53. les valeurs (m) values 54. véritable real 55. la bise kiss on the cheek
Key Understanding and Skills: <p>Students will understand and apply the following grammatical structures through the key skills of listening, reading, writing and speaking:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Using the imperative Using “when” followed by the future or conditional Using the present subjunctive Using adverbs <p>Students will also study the film <i>La Haine</i> as part of the film study:</p> <p>With MVL, they will focus on a close study of the film scene by scene and will work on shots, dialogue, structure, motifs, etc.</p> <p>With SBL, they will focus on the main themes, character development and essay writing skills.</p>	

- 56. faire la bise to give a kiss on the cheek
- 57. un bisou kiss
- 58. convenable appropriate
- 59. un défilé march, procession
- 60. dérangeant unsettling
- 61. embrasser to kiss
- 62. une époque era
- 63. les feux d'artifices fireworks
- 64. offusquer to offend
- 65. la poignée de main a handshake
- 66. donner une poignée de main to give a handshake
- 67. répandu widespread
- 68. saluer to greet
- 69. les salutations (f) greetings
- 70. le tutoiement using 'tu'
- 71. tutoyer to use "tu"
- 72. un usage culturel a cultural habit
- 73. le vouvoiement using 'vous'
- 74. vouvoyer to use "vous"
- 75. la Chandeleur Pancake Day / Shrove Tuesday
- 76. Pâques Easter
- 77. le Poisson d'Avril April Fool's Day
- 78. la Saint-Sylvestre New Year's Eve
- 79. la Toussaint All Saints' Day
- 80. accueillir to welcome
- 81. ancré rooted
- 82. appartenir à to belong to
- 83. un cliché cliché
- 84. combattre to fight
- 85. une coutume custom
- 86. s'émerveiller to be amazed
- 87. enraciné rooted
- 88. être fier de to be proud of
- 89. être habitué à to be used to
- 90. la fierté pride
- 91. incarner to embody
- 92. lutter contre to battle against
- 93. mettre l'accent sur to stress
- 94. faire la promotion to promote
- 95. la réalité reality
- 96. rendre hommage à to pay a tribute
- 97. être réputé pour to be famous for
- 98. symboliser to symbolise
- 99. transmettre to pass on
- 100. le tourisme hivernal winter tourism
- 101. le tourisme estival summer tourism
- 102. les us et coutumes habits and customs
- 103. avoir des préjugés envers to be prejudiced towards

Links to prior knowledge/learning:

GCSE Unit 4: Festival and traditional

Subjunctive introduced in year 11 especially phrases like "bien que ce soit"

Cross Curricular link/ World Issues

RE/Ethics: Christianity and other religions

Geography: mapping French speaking countries in the world

Year 12	Film studies
<p>Purpose of Unit: In this Unit, students will learn about a Film. They will watch the film in class and study themes as well as the cultural background surrounding it.</p>	
<p>Key Learning/Knowledge:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Film techniques • Character study • Themes 	<p>Key Vocabulary and meanings:</p> <p><u>Essay Writing:</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Il est bien connu que it is well known that 2. En premier lieu examinons first of all let us examine 3. il est à noter que it is to be noted that 4. en premier lieu first of all 5. de plus in addition 6. encore also 7. enfin finally 8. finalement finally 9. car because 10. parce que because (followed by a verb expression) 11. en effet this is because 12. comme as 13. mais but 14. cependant however 15. pourtant yet 16. je pense que I think that 17. à mon avis in my opinion 18. selon moi according to me 19. en somme all in all 20. pour conclure to conclude <p><u>Film Specific Vocab</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 21. le film the film 22. le drame the drama 23. un acteur actor 24. une actrice actress 25. le premier rôle male lead 26. le premier rôle féminin female lead 27. la vedette the star 28. le bruiteur the sound effects engineer 29. le caméraman camera operator 30. la cinéaste the director 31. le directeur de la photo director of photography 32. l'arrêt sur image freeze frame 33. le cadre frame 34. le flashback flashback 35. dans le champ in shot 36. en extérieur on location 37. hors champ off-camera 38. le panoramique panning 39. un plan rapproché close up 40. diriger to direct 41. interpréter to perform/act 42. monter to edit 43. la bande sonore the sound track 44. le montage editing 45. le truquage special effects
<p>Grammar: Students will understand and apply the following grammatical structures through the key skills of listening, reading, writing and speaking:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sentence starters • Subjonctive • More complexe connectives and extended sentences • Direct and Indirect speech <p>Skills focus:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Film / Scene analysis • Justifying opinions in PEE paragraphs • Essay writing <p><u>Film Specific Vocab (2)</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. le divertissement the entertainment 2. le cinéphile the film lover 15. la rentabilité the profitability 16. la concurrence the competition 17. une oeuvre a work (of art, literature) 18. l'écran the screen 19. se dérouler to take place 20. la bande annonce the trailer 21. la mise en scène the production 22. le réalisateur, la réalisatrice the director 23. la vente the sale 24. applaudir to applaud 25. l'applaudissement the applause 26. le court-métrage the short film 27. en noir et blanc in black and white 28. l'avant-première the preview 29. diminuer, baisser to decrease 30. augmenter, croître to increase 31. le personnage the character 32. tourner un film to shoot a film 33. la bande son the soundtrack 34. le bruitage the sound effects 35. un gros plan a close up 36. un plan large a distant shot 37. l'arrière plan the background 38. le premier plan the foreground 39. la vedette the star 40. un film muet a silent film 41. plan fixe freeze frame 42. ralentir to slow down 43. accélérer to accelerate 	
<p>Links to prior knowledge/learning: Previous terms: Immigration / integration / Religion and Secular state Cross-curricular links: Politics / Ethics</p>	